Local-Roots for a Universal Event? Exploring the Value of City-Specific Cultural Policies in the Context of the Forum Barcelona 2004

Beatriz García

Research Fellow

Centre for Cultural Policy Research, University of Glasgow, Scotland

Beatriz García is research fellow of the CCPR. She is the lead investigator of the three-year project 'Cities and culture: the long-term legacy of Glasgow 1990'. The focus of this and related projects is to explore approaches to cultural policy and planning in post-industrial cities. Completed research on this area includes: The Evaluation of Cultureshock the North West Cultural Programme of the 2002 Manchester Commonwealth Games, commissioned by the North West Cultural Consortium, with support from the Foreign and Commonwealth Office; and, Towards a Cultural Policy for Major Events, a four-year project financed by the Centre for Olympic Studies at Universitat Autonoma de Barcelona, with support from the Olympic Museum and the International Olympic Committee.

Abstract

For the last twenty years, the effort towards transforming industrial cities into post-industrial economies has been accompanied by a growing interest in cultural policy as a factor of urban governance. Culture and the arts have been used as a critical tool for urban regeneration, an approach refined in the US over the 1970s and early 1980s (see Porter, 1980) and consequently developed in Europe in cities such as Glasgow - European City of Culture in 1990 - and Bilbao - opening of the Guggenheim Museum in 1997. Nevertheless, despite the generalised use of cultural initiatives as catalysts for urban regeneration, it is not frequent to find parallel developments of city-specific cultural policies. This has often meant that the high levels of investment required to produce hallmark cultural events and infrastructures are not accompanied by long-term legacy planning nor by coherent strategies to secure a balanced spatial and social distribution of benefits.

It is only in the last 3 to 5 years that cities have started to develop place specific cultural policies. This has been the case in Edinburgh, Barcelona and most recently Montreal among many others. This is a fairly recent practice and, as such, no definite models have been established as yet. Different cities use different terminology, ranging from 'Cultural Policy for the City' in Edinburgh and Montreal to 'Strategic Plan for the Cultural Sector' in Barcelona. However, a point in common for most if not all of these initiatives is the dedication to establishing a working framework for culture in the city that assists informing policy and guiding action. This typically involves an effort towards defining and justifying cultural priorities in the city and the publication of one or several documents explaining the process to reach certain definitions and prioritise certain practices over others.

This paper explores the experience of Barcelona and looks at the design, production and promotion of the latest hallmark event in the city – the Forum Barcelona 2004. The main aim is to examine whether the official cultural strategy has had any impact or relevance in the definition, production and long-term viability of such a large-scale event.

Keywords

Forum Barcelona 2004, cultural policy, city, event.